Financial Statements
Year Ended December 31, 2022

Index to Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Page
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1 - 2
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Statement of Financial Position	3
Statement of Revenues and Expenditures	4
Statement of Changes in Net Assets	5
Statement of Cash Flows	6
Notes to Financial Statements	7 - 12
Operating Fund - Operating Revenues and Expenses (Schedule 1)	13
Operating Fund - Program Revenue and Expenses (Schedule 2)	14
Operating Fund - Governance Expenses (Schedule 3)	15



CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Centre for Christian Studies Canada Inc.

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Centre for Christian Studies Canada Inc. (the organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2022, and the statements of revenues and expenditures, changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the organization as at December 31, 2022, and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations (ASNPO)

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the organization in accordance with ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with ASNPO, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the organization's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the organization's financial reporting process.

(continues)



CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Centre for Christian Studies Canada Inc. (continued)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the organization's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the organization's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the organization to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Winnipeg, MB March 22, 2023 Rawluk & Robert Chartered Professional Accountants Inc.
Chartered Professional Accountants

Statement of Financial Position December 31, 2022

		Operating Fund	[Endowment Fund	Total Unrestricted				Total 2022	Total 2021
ASSETS										
CURRENT Cash and cash equivalents Investments (Note 3) Accounts receivable (Note 4) Prepaid expenses	\$	89,831 6,583 6,685 1,635	\$	- 2,331,671 - -	\$	89,831 2,338,254 6,685 1,635	\$	7,100 940,044 - -	\$ 96,931 3,278,298 6,685 1,635	\$ 143,238 3,629,334 3,087 2,368
		104,734		2,331,671		2,436,405		947,144	3,383,549	3,778,027
CASH SURRENDER VALUE OF LIFE INSURANCE <i>(Note 5)</i>		-		26,985		26,985		-	26,985	25,628
LONG TERM INVESTMENTS (Note 6)		-		-		-		-	-	6,501
CAPITAL ASSETS (Note 7)		65,379		-		65,379		-	65,379	61,945
	\$	170,113	\$	2,358,656	\$	2,528,769	\$	947,144	\$ 3,475,913	\$ 3,872,101
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS CURRENT Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 8) Deferred contributions (Note 9)	\$	20,218 4,301	\$	- -	\$	20,218 4,301	\$	- 10,000	\$ 20,218 14,301	\$ 14,144 12,301
Tuition received in advance	_	918		<u> </u>		918			918	830
		25,437		-		25,437		10,000	35,437	27,275
NET ASSETS		144,676		2,358,656		2,503,332		937,144	3,440,476	3,844,826
	\$	170,113	\$	2,358,656	\$	2,528,769	\$	947,144	\$ 3,475,913	\$ 3,872,101

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

_____ Director
_____ Director

Statement of Revenues and Expenditures Year Ended December 31, 2022

	(Operating Fund	E	indowment Fund	U	Total nrestricted	Bur	rsary Fund Tota		Total 2022	Т	otal 2021
REVENUES												
Donations	\$	120,946	\$	9,943	\$	130,889	\$	374	\$	131,263	\$	181,047
Operating (Schedule 1)		105,091		-		105,091		-		105,091		99,899
Program revenue (Schedule 2)		91,096		-		91,096		-		91,096		136,813
Investment income		-		80,832		80,832		30,653		111,485		105,394
Realized capital gains/(losses)		-		72,654		72,654		28,737		101,391		97,575
Bequests		2,260		-		2,260		-		2,260		18,584
Increase in value of life insurance		-		1,357		1,357		-		1,357		2,364
Contributions and other aid - UCC		-		-		-		10,000		10,000		30,440
		319,393		164,786		484,179		69,764		553,943		672,116
EXPENSES												
Amortization		3,468		-		3,468		_		3,468		3,363
Bursaries		4,229		-		4,229		42,461		46,690		59,923
Life insurance		- -		1,357		1,357		<u>-</u>		1,357		2,364
Management fees		_		23,089		23,089		9,002		32,091		31,144
Operating Expenses (Schedule 1)		299,840		- -		299,840		<u>-</u>		299,840		335,214
Programming (Schedule 2)		251,165		-		251,165		-		251,165		275,407
Governance (Schedule 3)		26,258		-		26,258				26,258		138
		584,960		24,446		609,406		51,463		660,869		707,553
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENSES												
FROM OPERATIONS		(265,567)		140,340		(125,227)		18,301		(106,926)		(35,437)
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES) Unrealized gain (loss) on disposal												
of capital assets Subsidies and grants	_	- 2,688		(213,429)		(213,429) 2,688		(86,683)		(300,112) 2,688		361,462 38,960
		2,688		(213,429)		(210,741)		(86,683)		(297,424)		400,422
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF												
REVENUES OVER ÉXPENSES	\$	(262,879)	\$	(73,089)	\$	(335,968)	\$	(68,382)	\$	(404,350)	\$	364,985

Statement of Changes in Net Assets Year Ended December 31, 2022

	(Operating Fund	[Endowment Fund	ι	Total Jnrestricted	Bursary Fund	Total 2022	Total 2021
NET ASSETS (DEBT) - BEGINNING OF YEAR	\$	192,785	\$	2,648,878	\$	2,841,663	\$ 1,003,163	\$ 3,844,826	\$ 3,479,841
Deficiency of revenues over expenses		(262,879)		(73,089)		(335,968)	(68,382)	(404,350)	364,985
Transfers to (from) funds		214,770		(217,133)		(2,363)	2,363	-	
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$	144,676	\$	2,358,656	\$	2,503,332	\$ 937,144	\$ 3,440,476	\$ 3,844,826

Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended December 31, 2022

	2022	2021
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses	\$ (404,350)	\$ 364,985
Items not affecting cash:	2.400	2.262
Amortization of capital assets	3,468	3,363
Increase in value of life insurance policy Reinvested investment income	(1,357) 357 536	(2,364) (400,234)
Remvested investment income	 357,536	(400,234)
	 (44,703)	(34,250)
Changes in non-cash working capital:		
Accounts receivable	(3,598)	64,103
Prepaid expenses	733	(2,368)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	6,076	(610)
Deferred contributions	2,000	(27,440)
Tuition received in advance	 88	830
	 5,299	34,515
Cash flow from (used by) operating activities	 (39,404)	265
INVESTING ACTIVITY		
Purchase of capital assets	 (6,903)	(1,306)
Cash flow used by investing activity	 (6,903)	(1,306)
DECREASE IN CASH FLOW	(46,307)	(1,041)
Cash - beginning of year	 143,238	144,279
CASH - END OF YEAR	\$ 96,931	\$ 143,238

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2022

PURPOSE OF THE ORGANIZATION

Centre for Christian Studies Canada Inc. ("CCS") was established as a result of the amalgamation of The Anglican Women's Training College and Covenant College in 1969 and from thereon operated under the name Centre for Christian Studies. The application for letters patent of amalgamation was filed May 29, 1991 and became official November 26, 1991. CCS was incorporated under the Corporations Act of Manitoba, without share capital, on August 4, 1998 with the name being officially changed to Centre for Christian Studies Canada Inc.

CCS is a Registered Charity under the Income Tax Act, and, accordingly, is exempt from income taxes provided certain requirements of the Income Tax Act are met. CCS operates a theological education centre and offers a four year diploma in Diaconal Ministries: Studies in Transformation and Action and accepts students from the United Church of Canada and the Anglican Church of Canada. Upon completion of their studies, students may be commissioned or ordained in their respective denomination. In March of each fiscal year, students are invited to apply for bursaries and they are awarded based on need and previous awarded bursaries.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of presentation

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations (ASNFPO). Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations are part of Canadian GAAP.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash includes cash and cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are investments in credit union shares and are valued at cost. The carrying amounts approximate fair value because they can be redeemed in less than ninety days.

Goods and Services Tax

Goods and services tax paid on purchased materials and services are recoverable at 50% as a rebate. The unrecoverable portion is recorded as an expense with the rebate treated as a receivable.

Other investments

Investments for which there are quoted prices in an active market are carried at fair value. Unrealized gains or losses are reported as part of net income. Investments for which there is not an active market are carried at amortized cost except when it is established that their value is impaired. Impairment losses, or reversal of previously recognized impairment losses, are reported as part of net income.

Capital assets

Capital assets are stated at cost or deemed cost less accumulated amortization and are amortized over their estimated useful lives at the following rates and methods:

Land	J	non-depreciable
Building	5%	declining balance method
Computer equipment	30%	declining balance method
Equipment and sign	20%	declining balance method
Furniture and fixtures	20%	declining balance method

The organization regularly reviews its capital assets to eliminate obsolete items. Government grants are treated as a reduction of capital assets cost.

(continues)

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2022

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Capital assets acquired during the year but not placed into use are not amortized until they are placed into use.

Fund accounting

Operating Fund (unrestricted):

CCS accounts for the general revenues and expenditures such as general donations, rental income and contributions from The United Church of Canada in the Operating Fund.

Endowment Fund (unrestricted):

The Endowment Fund was established to sustain the operations of CCS. The investment income earned on the investments is intended to support the annual operation of CCS and its programs.

Bursary Fund (restricted):

The Bursary Fund is maintained for specific purposes including awards to students in financial need. The funds are disbursed at the discretion of the Bursary Working Group. The Bursary Fund is designated into three categories as illustrated in note 8.

Revenue recognition

CCS follows the restricted fund method of accounting for contributions.

Restricted contributions related to the Operating Fund and the Endowment Fund are recognized as revenue in the appropriate fund in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. All other restricted contributions are recognized as revenue of the appropriate restricted fund.

Bequests, donations and grant contributions are recorded when the amount is received.

Tuition and bursary revenue is recorded in the period for which the services are provided.

Investment income and realized gains and losses are recorded in the period that they are earned.

Financial instruments policy

Financial instruments are recorded at fair value on initial recognition. In subsequent periods, financial assets with actively traded markets are reported at fair value, with any unrealized gains and losses reported in income. All other financial instruments are reported at amortized cost, and tested for impairment at each reporting date.

Measurement uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Such estimates are periodically reviewed and any adjustments necessary are reported in earnings in the period in which they become known. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

(continues)

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2022

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Foreign currency translation

Accounts in foreign currencies have been translated into Canadian dollars using the temporal method. Under this method, monetary assets and liabilities have been translated at the year end exchange rate. Non-monetary assets have been translated at the rate of exchange prevailing at the date of transaction. Revenue and expense items are translated at the exchange rate in effect at the time of the transaction.

Foreign exchange gains and losses on monetary assets and liabilities are included in the determination of earnings.

3. INVESTMENTS

	2022	2021 Market value		
Endowment Fund Cash and short term investments Common and preferred shares Fixed income	\$ 142,621 1,810,790 378,260	\$	114,387 2,064,668 444,195	
Total cost \$1,855,868 (2021 - \$2,055,108)	\$ 2,331,671	\$	2,623,250	
Bursary Fund Cash and short term investments Common and preferred shares Fixed income	\$ 78,037 721,790 140,217	\$	65,504 826,652 113,928	
Total cost \$739,000 (2021 - \$773,850)	\$ 940,044	\$	1,006,084	
Operating fund GIC - bearing interest at 1.25% matures October 17, 2023	\$ 6,583	\$	-	

4. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

		2021		
Tuition receivable GST recoverable	\$	4,880 1,805	\$	1,735 1,352
	\$	6,685	\$	3,087

CASH SURRENDER VALUE OF LIFE INSURANCE POLICY

The ownership of two life insurance policies was donated to CCS and recorded as donations in the years donated. The ongoing premiums paid by the insured are recorded as donation revenue and insurance premium expense.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2022

6.	LONG TERM INVESTMENTS					
				 2022		2021
	GIC bearing interest at 1.25% matures Oct 17,	2023		\$ -	\$	6,501
7.	CAPITAL ASSETS					
			Cost	cumulated nortization	1	2022 Net book value
	Land Building Computer equipment Equipment and sign Furniture and fixtures	\$	25,000 108,720 40,117 38,810 26,759	\$ - 74,851 36,601 37,025 25,550	\$	25,000 33,869 3,516 1,785 1,209
		\$	239,406	\$ 174,027	\$	65,379
			Cost	cumulated nortization	ı	2021 Net book value
	Land Building Computer equipment Equipment and sign Furniture and fixtures	\$	25,000 104,307 38,514 38,810 25,874	\$ 73,184 35,438 36,578 25,360	\$	25,000 31,123 3,076 2,232 514
		\$	232,505	\$ 170,560	\$	61,945

8. GOVERNMENT REMITTANCES PAYABLE OTHER THAN INCOME TAX

Government remittances (other than income taxes) include, for example, federal and provincial sales taxes, payroll taxes, health taxes, and workers' safety insurance premiums. The following government remittances were payable at year end \$Nil (2021 - \$Nil)

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2022

DEFERRED CONTRIBUTIONS

Deferred contributions relate to amounts received in the current year and relate to expenditures to be incurred in a future year or to grants received in the current year but earned in a future year.

	2022			2021
Balance beginning of the year Amounts received during the year	\$	12,301 12,000	\$	39,741 10,000
Less amounts recognized as revenue during the year		24,301 (10,000)		49,741 (37,440)
Balance, end of the year	\$	14,301	\$	12,301

10. BURSARY FUND BALANCES

The Bursary Fund balance is comprised of three components. A portion of the funds has been designated by certain donors and is permanent. This portion of the Bursary Fund is referred to as the Permanent Designated Fund. A second portion of the funds has been designated by donors and can be used to provide bursaries to students. This portion is referred to as the Expendable Designated Fund. The final remaining category balance is the Non-Designated Fund which represents the accrued earnings of the fund and is expendable.

Each bursary fund will be accorded a pro-rata value in the general fund for accounting purposes. In a year when a given bursary is partially awarded or not awarded at all, the capital value will increase by its excess earnings in that year. Should the Fund's performance exceed the target income of 5% or the need for bursaries is less than 5% of the then current value of the Fund, the excess funds shall be added to the General Bursary Fund.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2022

11. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The organization is exposed to various risks through its financial instruments and has a comprehensive risk management framework to monitor, evaluate and manage these risks. The following analysis provides information about the organization's risk exposure and concentration as of December 31, 2022.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: currency rate risk, interest rate risk and other price risk. The organization is mainly exposed to currency risk and interest rate risk.

Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk to the organization's earnings that arise from fluctuations of foreign exchange rates and the degree of volatility of these rates. The organization is exposed to foreign currency exchange risk on cash, accounts receivable, and accounts payable held in U.S. dollars. The organization does not use derivative instruments to reduce its exposure to foreign currency risk.

		2022		2021		
Investments denominated in U.S. dollars (Bursary) Investments denominated in U.S. dollars (Endownment)	\$	\$ 311,017 672,798		340,090 765,259		
	\$	983,815	\$	1,105,349		

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument might be adversely affected by a change in the interest rates. In seeking to minimize the risks from interest rate fluctuations, the organization manages exposure through its normal operating and financing activities. The organization is exposed to interest rate risk primarily through its investments.

Unless otherwise noted, it is management's opinion that the organization is not exposed to significant other price risks arising from these financial instruments.

12. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Some of the comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.

Operating Fund - Operating Revenues and Expenses (Schedule 1)

Year Ended December 31, 2022

	2022	2021		
REVENUES				
Contribution - United Church of Canada	\$ 69,333	\$	73,340	
Other contributions	5,408		26,002	
Rental and other miscellaneous	 30,350		557	
	 105,091		99,899	
EXPENSES				
Administration and office	49,553		51,173	
Building	24,074		30,127	
Promotion and recruitment	17,808		16,086	
Salaries and wages	208,405		237,828	
	 299,840		335,214	
LOSS FROM OPERATIONS	\$ (194,749)	\$	(235,315)	

Operating Fund - Program Revenue and Expenses (Schedule 2)

Year Ended December 31, 2022

	2022		2021	
TRADE SALES				
Tuition Other	\$ 	90,411 685	\$	120,908 15,905
		91,096		136,813
EXPENSES				
Copyright		230		179
Honoraria		1,568		2,655
Other projects and programs		1,091		1,518
Rent		1,531		750
Salaries and wages		245,246		268,164
Travel and accommodation		1,499		2,141
		251,165		275,407
LOSS FROM OPERATIONS	\$	(160,069)	\$	(138,594)

Operating Fund - Governance Expenses (Schedule 3)

Year Ended December 31, 2022

		2022	2021	
EXPENSES Annual service of celebration Human resources search committee	\$	222 26,036	\$	138
	\$_	26,258	\$	138